



Asset class

Bond

Objective

Seeks total return with an emphasis on high current income, but also considering capital appreciation.

Portfolio management

Matthew W. Ryan

- 20 years with MFS
- 30 years in industry

Ward Brown

- 11 years with MFS
- 21 years in industry

Fund benchmark

JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global tracks debt instruments in the emerging markets (includes a broader array of countries than the EMBI Plus).

Maximum sales charge

Class A shares

4.25% initial sales charge

Fund symbol and CUSIP

A	MEDAX	55273E673
B	MEDBX	55273E665
C	MEDCX	55273E657
I	MEDIX	55273E640

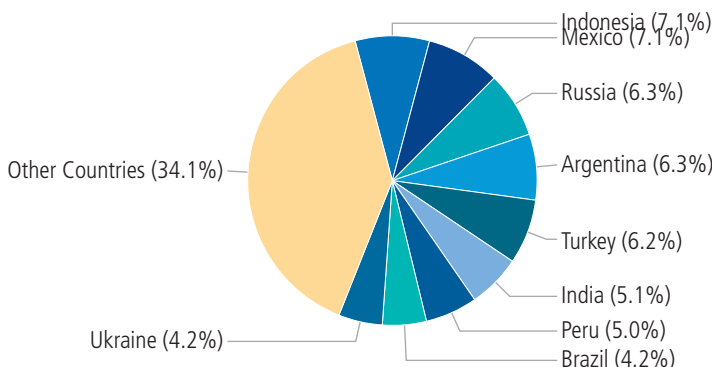
^ For all securities other than those specifically described below, ratings are assigned to underlying securities utilizing ratings from Moody's, Fitch, and Standard & Poor's rating agencies and applying the following hierarchy: If all three agencies provide a rating, the middle rating (after dropping the highest and lowest ratings) is assigned; if two of the three agencies rate a security, the lower of the two is assigned. Ratings are shown in the S&P and Fitch scale (e.g., AAA). All ratings are subject to change. U.S. Government includes securities issued by the U.S. Department of the Treasury. Federal Agencies includes rated and unrated U.S. Agency fixed-income securities, U.S. Agency MBS, and CMOs of U.S. Agency MBS. Other Not Rated includes fixed income securities which have not been rated by any rating agency. The portfolio itself has not been rated.

- NOT FDIC INSURED
- MAY LOSE VALUE
- NO BANK GUARANTEE

Uncovering fixed income opportunities in emerging markets worldwide

Focuses primarily on debt issued by emerging market countries; however, the fund may invest in corporate debt issued by companies located in emerging market countries.

EM COUNTRY WEIGHTS AS OF 09/30/17



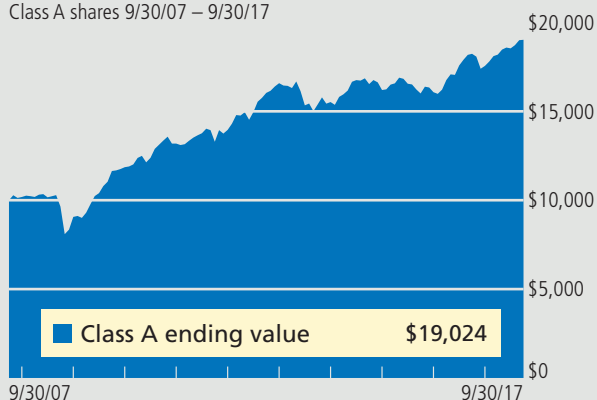
Total developed market exposure including cash and futures was 14.4% of which 14.7% was United States and -0.3% was "Other Countries."

CREDIT QUALITY^

U.S. Government	0.4
AA*	-0.3
A	7.9
BBB	28.0
BB	23.9
B	21.5
CCC and Below	3.6
Other Not Rated	2.7
(% of total net assets)	

GROWTH OF \$10,000

Class A shares 9/30/07 – 9/30/17



Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Fund returns assume the reinvestment of dividends and capital gain distributions but do not include a sales charge. Results would have been less favorable if the sales charge were included.

CALENDAR YEAR TOTAL RETURNS (%) AS OF 9/30/17

	'07	'08	'09	'10	'11	'12	'13	'14	'15	'16
Class A without sales charge	5.62	-11.00	30.85	11.20	5.84	18.83	-6.40	4.37	-0.77	9.21
Class I	5.95	-10.87	31.21	11.41	6.11	19.15	-6.25	4.70	-0.60	9.49

Glossary

Alpha is a measure of the portfolio's risk-adjusted performance. When compared to the portfolio's beta, a positive alpha indicates better-than-expected portfolio performance and a negative alpha worse-than-expected portfolio performance.

Beta is a measure of the volatility of a portfolio relative to the overall market. A beta less than 1.0 indicates lower risk than the market; a beta greater than 1.0 indicates higher risk than the market. It is most reliable as a risk measure when the return fluctuations of the portfolio are highly correlated with the return fluctuations of the index chosen to represent the market.

R² represents the percentage of the portfolio's movements that can be explained by the general movements of the market. Index portfolios will tend to have values very close to 100.

Standard deviation is an indicator of the portfolio's total return volatility, which is based on a minimum of 36 monthly returns. The larger the portfolio's standard deviation, the greater the portfolio's volatility.

Turnover ratio is the percentage of a portfolio's assets that have changed over the course of a year. It is calculated by dividing the average assets during the period by the lesser of the value of purchases and the value of sales during the same period.

Average effective maturity is a weighted average of maturity of the bonds held in a portfolio, taking into account any prepayments, puts, and adjustable coupons which may shorten the maturity. Longer-maturity funds are generally considered more interest-rate sensitive than shorter maturity funds.

Average effective duration is a measure of how much a bond's price is likely to fluctuate with general changes in interest rates, e.g., if rates rise 1.00%, a bond with a 5-year duration is likely to lose about 5.00% of its value.

* **Short positions**, unlike long positions, lose value if the underlying asset gains value.

Portfolio characteristics data are based on the equivalent exposure of unaudited net assets as of 9/30/17. Equivalent exposure measures how a portfolio's value would change due to price changes in an asset held either directly or, in the case of a derivative contract, indirectly. The market value of the holding may differ. The portfolio is actively managed, and current holdings may be different.

Before investing, consider the fund's investment objectives, risks, charges, and expenses. For a prospectus, or summary prospectus, containing this and other information, contact your investment professional or view online at mfs.com. Please read it carefully.

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AVERAGE ANNUAL TOTAL RETURNS (%) AS OF 9/30/17

	Inception date	1 yr.	3 yr.	5 yr.	10 yr.
Class A without sales charge	03/17/98	4.32	4.79	3.48	6.64
Class A with 4.25% maximum sales charge	03/17/98	-0.11	3.28	2.58	6.18
Class I	03/17/98	4.58	5.03	3.73	6.89
JPMorgan Emerging Markets Bond Index Global	N/A	4.15	6.05	4.32	7.28
Lipper Emerging Mkts Hard Currency Debt Funds category average	N/A	6.83	4.41	2.98	6.30

Performance data shown represent past performance and are no guarantee of future results. Investment return and principal value fluctuate so your shares, when sold, may be worth more or less than the original cost; current performance may be lower or higher than quoted. For most recent month-end performance, please visit mfs.com.

Performance results reflect any applicable expense subsidies and waivers in effect during the periods shown. Without such subsidies and waivers the fund's performance results would be less favorable. All results assume the reinvestment of dividends and capital gains. The performance is as of the date shown; it may not include the fund's entire investment portfolio and is subject to change. It is not possible to invest directly in an index.

Class I shares ("I") have no sales charge or Rule 12b-1 fees and are available only to eligible investors.

FUND EXPENSES

	Class A	Class I
Gross Expense Ratio	1.10%	0.85%
Net Expense Ratio	1.10%	0.85%

Gross Expense Ratio is the fund's total operating expense ratio from the fund's most recent prospectus.

Net Expense Ratio reflects the reduction of expenses from fee waivers and reimbursements. Elimination of these reductions will result in higher expenses and lower performance.

DISTRIBUTION HISTORY (Class A)

Income Paid Monthly	
September	\$0.05700
August	\$0.05500
July	\$0.05400
June	\$0.05400

TOP 10 CURRENCY WEIGHTS

United States Dollar	91.5%
Peruvian Sol	1.5%
Indian Rupee	1.5%
Indonesian Rupiah	1.3%
Turkish Lira	1.0%
Russian Ruble	0.9%
Czech Koruna	0.7%
Euro	0.6%
Malaysian Ringgit	0.4%
South Korean Won*	-0.7%

RISK MEASURES VS. BENCHMARK (Class I)

Alpha	-0.47
Beta	1.02
R ²	97.57
Standard Deviation	9.17

Risk measures are based on a trailing 10 year period.

FUND DATA

Commencement Date	03/17/98
Net Assets	\$6,351.4 million
Number of Issues	427
Turnover Ratio	106%

PORTFOLIO DATA

Avg. Eff. Maturity	10.93 yrs.
Avg. Eff. Duration	6.34
Other consists of: (i) currency derivatives and/or (ii) any derivative offsets.	

PORTFOLIO STRUCTURE

Bonds	87.68%
Cash & Cash Equivalents	12.60%
Stocks	0.07%
Other	-0.36%

TOP 10 HOLDINGS

Turkey Government International Bond 6% MAR 25 27	
Argentine Republic Government International Bond 7.125% JUL 06 36	
Ust Bond 30yr Future Dec 19 17	
Russian Foreign Bond - Eurobond RegS 4.5% APR 04 22	
India Government Bond 7.61% MAY 09 30	
Argentine Republic Government International Bond 6.875% JAN 26 27	
State Grid Overseas Investment 2016 Ltd 144A 3.500 MAY 04 27	
Ukraine Government International Bond RegS 7.75% SEP 01 22	
Southern Gas Corridor CJSC 144A 6.875% MAR 24 26	
Mexican Bonos 6.5% JUN 09 22	

9.4% of total net assets

IMPORTANT RISK CONSIDERATIONS

The fund may not achieve its objective and/or you could lose money on your investment in the fund. • Investments in debt instruments may decline in value as the result of declines in the credit quality of the issuer, borrower, counterparty, or other entity responsible for payment, underlying collateral, or changes in economic, political, issuer-specific, or other conditions. Certain types of debt instruments can be more sensitive to these factors and therefore more volatile. In addition, debt instruments entail interest rate risk (as interest rates rise, prices usually fall), therefore the Fund's share price may decline during rising rates. Funds that consist of debt instruments with longer durations are generally more sensitive to a rise in interest rates than those with shorter durations. At times, and particularly during periods of market turmoil, all or a large portion of segments of the market may not have an active trading market. As a result, it may be difficult to value these investments and it may not be possible to sell a particular investment or type of investment at any particular time or at an acceptable price. The price of an instrument trading at a negative interest rate responds to interest rate changes like other debt instruments; however, an instrument purchased at a negative interest rate is expected to produce a negative return if held to maturity. • Investments in foreign markets can involve greater risk and volatility than U.S. investments because of adverse market, currency, economic, industry, political, regulatory, geopolitical, or other conditions. • Emerging markets can have less market structure, depth, and regulatory, custodial or operational oversight and greater political, social, and economic instability than developed markets. • Investments in derivatives can be used to take both long and short positions, be highly volatile, involve leverage (which can magnify losses), and involve risks in addition to the risks of the underlying indicator(s) on which the derivative is based, such as counterparty and liquidity risk. • Investments in below investment grade quality debt instruments can be more volatile and have greater risk of default, or already be in default, than higher-quality debt instruments. • Please see the prospectus for further information on these and other risk considerations.